

**SECTION A : 25 MARKS****BAHAGIAN A : 25 MARKAH****INSTRUCTION:**

This section consists of **TWENTY (20)** objective questions. Mark your answers in the OMR form provided.

**ARAHAN:**

*Seksyen ini terdiri daripada DUA PULUH (20) soalan objektif. Tandakan jawapan di kertas OMR yang disediakan.*

CLO1  
C1

1. Identify field of accounting which involve the examination of financial statement to provide opinion on weather the financial statement are prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards.

*Kenalpasti bidang perakaunan yang melibatkan pemeriksaan ke atas penyata kewangan untuk memberi pendapat sama ada penyata kewangan telah disediakan mengikut piawaian perakaunan yang diluluskan*

- A. Financial Accounting  
*Perakaunan Kewangan*
- B. Taxation  
*Percukaian*
- C. Auditing  
*Pengauditan*
- D. Cost Accounting  
*Perakaunan Kos*

CLO1  
C1

2. Trace which is not External Users of accounting infomation:

*Jejaki yang manakah bukan Pngguna Luaran maklumat perakaunan:*

- A. Banker  
*Bank*
- B. Government  
*Kerajaan*

- C. Sales Executive  
*Eksekutif jualan*
- D. Investor  
*Pelabur*
- CLO1  
C2
3. The business owner paid life insurance for his family and the amount paid is not considered a business transaction. Match the right concept:  
*Pemilik perniagaan membayar insuran nyawa untuk keluarganya dan tidak direkod sebagai urusan perniagaan. Padankan konsep yang betul:*
- A. Historical Cost principle  
*Prinsip Kos Sejarah*
- B. Consistency concept  
*Konsep konsisten*
- C. Conservatism concept  
*Konsep Konservatisme*
- D. Separate entity concept  
*Konsep Entiti Berasingan*
- CLO1  
C2
4. When a buyer received a credit note from a seller, it must be record in:  
*Apabila pembeli menerima nota kredit daripada penjual, ianya mestilah direkodkan ke dalam:*
- A. Purchase return journal  
*Jurnal pulangan belian*
- B. Sales return journal  
*Jurnal pulangan jualan*
- C. Purchase journal  
*Jurnal belian*
- D. General Journal  
*Jurnal Am*
- CLO1  
C1

5. Identify **FIVE (5)** types of account:

*Kenalpasti LIMA (5) jenis akaun:*

- A. Assets, Liabilities, Revenues, Expenses and Drawing  
*Aset, Liabiliti, Hasil, Belanja dan Ambilan*
- B. Assets, Liabilities, Revenues, Expenses and Owner's Equity  
*Aset, Liabiliti, Hasil, Belanja dan Ekuiti Pemilik*
- C. Assets, Owner's Equity, Revenues, Expenses and Net Profit  
*Aset, Ekuiti Pemilik, Hasil, Belanja dan Untung Bersih*
- D. Liabilities, Revenues, Expenses and Owner's Equity  
*Liabiliti, Hasil, Belanja dan Ekuiti Pemilik*

CLO1  
C1

6. Discount given to attract bulk purchase can identify as:

*Diskaun diberi untuk menarik belian secara pukal boleh di kenalpasti sebagai;*

- A. Cash discount  
*Diskaun tunai*
- B. Seasonal Discount  
*Diskaun bermusim*
- C. Trade discount  
*Diskaun Niaga*
- D. Special Discount  
*Diskaun Khas*

CLO1  
C2

7. Debtor paid RM5,000 for debt settlement and we give discount of RM200.

The journal entry involved is Debit Bank RM5,000, Debit \_\_\_\_\_ and Credit Debtor RM5,200. Pick the right entry:

*Penghutang membayar RM5,000 bagi penyelesaian hutang dan diberi diskaun RM200. Catatan jurnal yang terlibat adalah Debit Bank RM5,000, Debit \_\_\_\_\_ dan Kredit Penghutang RM5,200. Pilih urusaniaga yang betul:*

- A. Discount Received RM200  
*Diskaun diterima RM200*
- B. Discount allowed RM200  
*Diskaun diberi RM200*
- C. Trade discount RM200  
*Diskaun Niaga RM200*
- D. None of these  
*Tiada semua di atas*

CLO1  
C2

8. Choose the **INCORRECT** answer for accounting equation:  
*Pilih jawapan yang **SALAH** bagi persamaan perakaunan:*

- A. Assets = Liabilities + Owner's Equity  
*Aset = Liabiliti + Ekuiti Pemilik*
- B. Assets – Owner's Equity = Liabilities  
*Aset – Ekuiti Pemilik = Liabiliti*
- C. Assets = Owner's Equity + Liabilities  
*Aset = Ekuiti Pemilik + Liabiliti*
- D. Assets + Owner's Equity = Liabilities  
*Aset + Ekuiti Pemilik = Liabiliti*

CLO1  
C1

9. Identify which of the following refers to the same process in accounting and bookkeeping?

*Kenalpasti yang manakah diantara berikut merujuk kepada proses yang sama di dalam perakaunan dan simpan kira?*

- A. Classifying  
*Pengklasifikasian*
- B. Analysing  
*Penganalisaan*
- C. Interpreting  
*Penafsiran*
- D. All of the above  
*Semua jawapan di atas*

CLO1  
C1

10. Identify the right answer:

*Kenalpasti jawapan yang betul:*

	ASSETS <i>ASET</i>	LIABILITIES <i>LIABILITI</i>	OWNER'S EQUITY <i>EKUITI PEMILIK</i>
A.	RM 56,000	RM 4,000	RM 60,000
B.	RM 120,000	RM 20,000	RM 140,000
C.	RM 67,000	RM 40,000	- RM 27,000
D.	RM 105,000	- RM 25,000	RM 130,000

CLO1  
C2

11. Purchase of motor vehicle on credit will be recorded in the \_\_\_\_\_:

*Pembelian kenderaan bermotor secara kredit akan direkodkan di dalam \_\_\_\_\_:*

- A. Cash Book

*Buku Tunai*

B. Bank Book

*Buku Bank*

C. General Journal

*Jurnal Am*

D. Purchase Journal

*Jurnal Belian*

CLO1  
C2

12. On 23th August 2019, the company purchases office equipment amounting of RM 12,000 on credit. Categorize the Books of First Entry involved for the above transaction.

*Pada 23 Ogos 2019, syarikat membeli peralatan pejabat berjumlah RM 12,000 secara kredit. Kategorikan Buku Catatan Pertama yang terlibat bagi urusniaga di atas.*

A. Purchase Journal

*Jurnal Belian*

B. Sales Journal

*Jurnal Jualan*

C. Cash Book

*Buku Tunai*

D. General Journal

*Jurnal Am*

CLO2  
C1

13. Purchase of a vehicle on credit from Chang Motor. The statement should be recorded as:

*Belian kenderaan secara kredit daripada Chang Motor. Penyata soalan perlu direkodkan sebagai:*

- |    |   |   |
|----|---|---|
| A. | Debit: Purchase Account<br><i>Debit: Akaun Belian</i>   | Credit: Bank Account<br><i>Kredit: Akaun Bank</i> |
| B. | Debit: Vehicle Account<br><i>Debit: Akaun Kenderaan</i> | Credit: Bank Account<br><i>Kredit: Akaun Bank</i> |
| C. | Debit: Vehicle Account<br><i>Debit: Akaun Kenderaan</i> | Credit: Chang Motor<br><i>Kredit: Chang Motor</i> |
| D. | Debit: Purchase Account<br><i>Debit: Akaun Belian</i>   | Credit: Chang Motor<br><i>Kredit: Chang Motor</i> |

CLO2  
C1

14. Identify the effect on the accounting equation of the below transaction:

*‘Owner withdraws cash from the bank for business use’.*

*Kenalpasti kesan ke atas persamaan perakaunan bagi urusanniaga di bawah:*

*‘Pemilik mengeluarkan wang tunai dari bank untuk kegunaan perniagaan’.*

- |    |   |
|----|---|
| A. | Increase in drawings account; Decrease in cash account<br><i>Peningkatan dalam akaun ambilan; Pengurangan dalam akaun tunai</i> |
| B. | Increase in bank account; Decrease in drawings account<br><i>Peningkatan dalam akaun bank; Pengurangan dalam akaun ambilan</i>  |
| C. | Increase in drawings account; Decrease in bank account<br><i>Peningkatan dalam akaun ambilan; Pengurangan dalam akaun bank</i>  |
| D. | Increase in cash account; Decrease in bank account<br><i>Peningkatan dalam akaun tunai; Pengurangan dalam akaun bank</i>        |

CLO2  
C2

15. Pick which of the following statements about the Trial Balance is **INCORRECT**?

Manakah antara pernyataan berikut tentang Imbangan Duga adalah **TIDAK BENAR**?

- A. The Trial Balance provides a check on the accuracy of the ledger accounts  
*Imbangan Duga dapat memastikan ketepatan akaun lejar*
- B. All errors are detected by the Trial Balance  
*Semua kesilapan dapat dikenalpasti di Imbangan Duga*
- C. The Trial Balance can be used to prepare the Income Statement  
*Imbangan Duga boleh digunakan untuk menyediakan Penyata Pendapatan*
- D. The totals of the two columns of the Trial Balance should be the same  
*Jumlah bagi kedua dua bahagian di Imbangan Duga mestilah sama*

CLO2  
C2

16. Debit balance is equal to the credit balance, Trial Balance can interpret as:  
*Baki debit sama dengan baki kredit maka Imbangan Duga boleh ditafsirkan sebagai:*

- A. Account balances are correct  
*Baki akaun adalah betul*
- B. Mathematically Capital + Liabilities = Assets  
*Modal secara matematik + Liabiliti = Aset*
- C. No mistake in recording transactions  
*Tiada kesilapan dalam merekod urus niaga*
- D. No mistake in posting journal to ledger accounts  
*Tidak ada kesilapan dalam mengepos jurnal ke akaun lejar*

CLO2  
C3

17. Expenses for which goods or services have been received but payment have not been made can be derive as:

*Perbelanjaan yang mana barang atau perkhidmatan telah diterima tetapi pembayaran belum dilakukan boleh dinyatakan sebagai:*

A. Prepaid expenses

*Perbelanjaan prabayar*

B. Deferred expenses

*Perbelanjaan ditangguhkan*

C. Outstanding expenses

*Perbelanjaan tertunggak*

D. Advance expenses

*Perbelanjaan pendahuluan*

CLO2  
C3

18. An accrued expenses can be sketch as:

*Belanja terakru dilakarkan sebagai:*

A. Has been incurred but has not been paid.

*Telah ditanggung tetapi belum dibayar.*

B. Has been paid but has not been incurred.

*Telah dibayar tetapi belum ditanggung.*

C. Has been incurred for which payment is to be made in installments.

*Telah berlaku pembayaran yang akan dibuat secara ansuran.*

D. Will never be paid.

*Tidak akan pernah dibayar.*

CLO2  
C1

19. Trace which of the following would be a liability for a business?

*Manakah antara berikut yang akan menjadi tanggungan perniagaan?*

- A. The amount already paid for the electricity used  
*Jumlah yang telah dibayar untuk elektrik yang digunakan*
- B. Trade receivables  
*Penghutang perdagangan*
- C. A charitable donation that business plans to make in the future  
*Derma amal yang ingin dibuat perniagaan pada masa akan datang*
- D. Trade payables  
*Pemiutang perniagaan*

CLO2  
C1

20. Recognize which of the following statements regarding the Statement of Financial Position is **FALSE**?  
*Kenalpasti manakah antara pernyataan berikut mengenai Penyata Kedudukan Kewangan yang **SALAH**?*
- A. It was formerly known as the balance sheet.  
*Dahulu ia dikenali sebagai kunci kira-kira.*
  - B. It shows the assets and liabilities of a business at a certain point in time.  
*Ia menunjukkan aset dan liabiliti perniagaan pada satu masa tertentu.*
  - C. It shows the average assets and liabilities of a business over the last financial period.  
*Ini menunjukkan purata aset dan liabiliti perniagaan dalam tempoh kewangan terakhir.*
  - D. It shows how much the owner has invested in the business.  
*Ia menunjukkan berapa banyak pemilik telah melabur dalam perniagaan.*

**SECTION B : 75 MARKS****BAHAGIAN B : 75 MARKAH****INSTRUCTION:**

This section consists of **THREE (3)** structured questions. Answer **ALL** questions.

**ARAHAN:**

*Seksyen ini terdiri daripada TIGA (3) soalan struktur. Jawab SEMUA soalan.*

CLO1  
C1

**QUESTION 1**

(a) Business transaction during the month of February 2021 are as follows:

<b>TRANSACTIONS:</b>
1. Purchase goods from Dayana Enterprise
2. Return goods to Dayana Enterprise due to wrong product code
3. Sold a commercial van on credit to HBC Auto
4. Settlement of debtor by cash
5. Paid Salaries by cheque to two workers. Their monthly salary is RM 1,500 per person

Recognize the appropriate books of first entry and source documents involved for the each transaction. Show your answer as the **example** below:

**Example:** *Solds goods to customer on credit*

<b>No.</b>	<b>Books of first entry</b>	<b>Source document</b>
Example	Sales Journal	Invoice

[10 marks]

CLO1  
C1**SOALAN 1**

(a) *Transaksi perniagaan sepanjang bulan Februari 2021 adalah seperti berikut;*

<b>URUSNIAGA:</b>
<i>1. Beli barangniaga daripada Dayana Enterprise</i>
<i>2. Pulangan barangniaga kepada Dayana Enterprise kerana salah kod produk</i>
<i>3. Jual van untuk perdagangan secara kredit kepada HBC Auto</i>
<i>4. Penyelesaian penghutang secara tunai</i>
<i>5. Pembayaran gaji pekerja dengan cek kepada dua orang pekerja. Gaji bulanan mereka ialah RM 1,500 seorang.</i>

*Kenalpasti buku catatan pertama yang bersesuaian dan dokumen sumber yang terlibat bagi setiap urusan di atas. Tunjukkan jawapan anda seperti contoh di bawah:*

*Contoh: Jualan barangniaga secara kredit kepada pelanggan.*

<b>No.</b>	<b>Buku catatan pertama</b>	<b>Dokumen sumber</b>
<i>Contoh</i>	<i>Jurnal Jualan</i>	<i>Invois</i>

[10 markah]

CLO1  
C2

(b) AX Handphone Centre **sells hand phones** to the residents of Kulim. Below are the transactions for the month of March 2019:

DATE	TRANSACTION	(RM)
March 1, 2019	Started business with:	
	Cash in hand	1,000
	Cash at bank	30,000
2	Purchase Facsimile machine from Tan Equipment Ent.	5,000
4	Purchase hand phones from Bala Trading	5,000
5	Purchase goods from Ali Trading	2,000
11	Sold goods to Gangga Trading	2,100
15	Paid Bala Trading by cheque	1,500
18	Paid Ali Trading with cheque	650
22	Paid insurance by cash	200
25	Received cheque from Gangga Trading	550
28	Paid salary by cheque	1,000

You are required to report all transactions into the **appropriate ledger** without balance off.

[15 marks]

CLO1  
C2

b) *AX handphone Centre menjual telefon bimbit kepada penduduk kulim. Berikut adalah urusanniaga bagi bulan Mac 2019:*

<b>TARIKH</b>	<b>URUSNIAGA</b>	<b>(RM)</b>
Mac,2019	<i>Memulakan perniagaan dengan:</i>	
1	<i>Tunai di tangan</i>	<i>1,000</i>
	<i>Tunai di bank</i>	<i>30,000</i>
2	<i>Beli mesin faximili daripada Tan Equipment Ent.</i>	<i>5,000</i>
4	<i>Beli telefon daripada Bala Trading</i>	<i>5,000</i>
5	<i>Belian barang niaga daripada Ali Trading</i>	<i>2,000</i>
11	<i>Jualan barang niaga kepada Gangga Trading</i>	<i>2,100</i>
15	<i>Bayar kepada Bala Trading by cek</i>	<i>1,500</i>
18	<i>Paid Ali Trading dengan cek</i>	<i>650</i>
22	<i>Bayar insuran dengan tunai</i>	<i>200</i>
25	<i>Terimaan bayaran cek daripada Gangga Trading</i>	<i>550</i>
28	<i>Bayar gaji dengan cek</i>	<i>1,000</i>

*Anda dikehendaki merlaporkan semua urusanniaga ke dalam lejar yang sesuai tanpa perlu mengimbangnya.*

*[15 markah]*

**QUESTION 2**CLO2  
C1

- a) (i) List **THREE (3)** errors does not affecting the trial balance [3 marks]  
 (ii) **TWO (2)** purposes of preparing the trial balance [2 marks]

CLO2  
C2

- b) The following balances are extracted from the books of Tangmonida Enterprise on 30 June 2020:

<b>Accounts</b>	<b>RM</b>
Furniture	15,000
Cash	5,500
Drawings	1,100
Account payable	28,000
Bank	11,000
Interest received	14,200
Mortgage	73,000
Vehicles	82,600
Purchases	20,000
Utility expenses	780
Sales	39,000
Insurance	1,560
Account receivable	26,000
*Capital	xxx

You are required to represent the balances into Trial Balance as at 30 June 2020:

[15 marks]

**SOALAN 2**CLO2  
C1

- a) (i) Senaraikan **TIGA (3)** kesilapan yang tidak memberi kesan ke atas imbangan duga [3 markah]  
 (ii) **DUA(2)** tujuan penyediaan Imbangan duga [2 markah]

CLO1  
C2

- b) Baki berikut diambil daripada buku Tangmonida Enterprise pada 30 Jun 2020.

<b>Akaun</b>	<b>RM</b>
<i>Perabot</i>	<i>15,000</i>
<i>Tunai</i>	<i>5,500</i>
<i>Ambilan</i>	<i>1,100</i>
<i>Akaun belum bayar</i>	<i>28,000</i>
<i>Bank</i>	<i>11,000</i>
<i>Faedah diterima</i>	<i>14,200</i>
<i>Gadai janji</i>	<i>73,000</i>
<i>Kenderaan</i>	<i>82,600</i>
<i>Belian</i>	<i>20,000</i>
<i>Belanja utility</i>	<i>780</i>
<i>Jualan</i>	<i>39,000</i>
<i>Insurans</i>	<i>1,560</i>
<i>Akaun belum terima</i>	<i>26,000</i>
<i>*Modal</i>	<i>XXXX</i>

*Anda dikehendaki untuk mempersembahkan semula baki-baki tersebut ke dalam Imbangan Duga pada tarikh 30 June 2020..*

[15 markah]

**QUESTION 3**

The following is a list of balances extracted from the book of SASUKA Trading as at 31 December 2020.

<b>Accounts</b>	<b>Debit (RM)</b>	<b>Credit (RM)</b>
Purchases & Sales	58,000	81,000
Returns	360	225
Capital (1 January 2020)		80,000
Debtors & Creditors	35,000	40,000
Cash	34,000	
Bank		22,000
Drawings	2,000	
Discounts	850	910
Insurance on purchases	880	
Carriage inwards	970	
Carriage outwards	1,400	
Import Duty	2,200	
Salary	15,000	
Commission received		6,200
Furniture	32,000	
Vehicle	80,000	
Inventories (1 January 2020)	4,200	
Loan		35,000
General expenses	1,840	
Rent	1,300	
Interest		4,665
<b>Total</b>	<b>270,000</b>	<b>270,000</b>

Inventories as at 31 December 2020 = RM 6,600

**Additional information:**

- a) Accrued carriage outwards = RM 800. Prepaid salaries = RM 3,000.
- b) A debtor for RM 1,000 was found to be bad. The provision for doubtful debts was to be adjusted to 5% of outstanding debtors.
- c) Depreciation expenses for vehicles were to be calculated at 10% on cost.

**You are required to:**CLO2  
C2

- a) Report the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2020.

[15 marks]

CLO2  
C3

- b) Prepare the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2020.

[15 marks]

**SOALAN 3**

Berikut adalah senarai baki dari buku SASUKA Trading pada 31 Disember 2020.

<b>Akaun</b>	<b>Debit (RM)</b>	<b>Kredit (RM)</b>
<i>Belian &amp; Jualan</i>	58,000	81,000
<i>Pulangan</i>	360	225
<i>Modal (1 Januari 2020)</i>		80,000
<i>Penghutang &amp; Pemiutang</i>	35,000	40,000
<i>Tunai</i>	34,000	
<i>Bank</i>		22,000
<i>Ambilan</i>	2,000	
<i>Diskaun</i>	850	910
<i>Insurans atas belian</i>	880	
<i>Angkutan Masuk</i>	970	
<i>Angkutan Keluar</i>	1,400	
<i>Duti Import</i>	2,200	
<i>Gaji</i>	15,000	
<i>Komisen Diterima</i>		6,200
<i>Perabot</i>	32,000	
<i>Kenderaan</i>	80,000	
<i>Stok (1 Januari 2020)</i>	4,200	
<i>Pinjaman</i>		35,000
<i>Belanja am</i>	1,840	
<i>Sewa</i>	1,300	
<i>Faedah</i>		4,665
<b>Jumlah</b>	<b>270,000</b>	<b>270,000</b>

*Inventori pada 31 Disember 2020 = RM 6,600*

**Maklumat tambahan:**

- a) *Angkutan keluar terakru = RM 800. Gaji terdahulu =RM 3,000.*
- b) *Seorang penghutang RM 1,000 didapati telah lapuk. Peruntukan hutang ragu perlu diselaraskan kepada 5% daripada penghutang belum bayar.*
- c) *Belanja susutnilai untuk kenderaan adalah dikira berdasarkan 10% atas kos.*

**Anda dikehendaki untuk :**CLO2  
C2

- a) *Melaporkan Penyata Pendapatan Komprehensif bagi tahun berakhir 31 Disember 2020.*

[15 markah]

CLO2  
C3

- b) *Menyediakan Penyata Kedudukan Kewangan pada 31 Disember 2020.*

[15 markah]

**SOALAN TAMAT**