

SECTION A : 60 MARKS***BAHAGIAN A : 60 MARKAH*****INSTRUCTION:**

This section consists of **FOUR (4)** structured questions. Answer **ALL** questions.

ARAHAN:

Bahagian ini mengandungi EMPAT (4) soalan berstruktur. Jawab semua soalan.

QUESTION 1***SOALAN 1***CLO1
C1

- (a) Define Continuous-time signals and Discrete –time signal with a graphic representation.

Takrifkan isyarat Selanjar-Masa dan isyarat Diskret-Masa dengan perwakilan graf.

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

CLO1
C2

- (b) Describe the signal of Unit Step Sequence $u[n]$ and Unit Impulse Sequence $\delta[n]$.

Terangkan isyarat Unit Langkah Dedenyut $u[n]$ dan Unit Sambutan Dedenyut $\delta[n]$.

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

CLO1
C3

(c) A Continuous-time signals $x(t)$ and Discrete –time signal $x[n]$ is shown in Figure A1(c). Sketch and label the even and odd components of the signals.

Satu isyarat Selanjar-Masa dan isyarat Diskret-Masa ditunjukkan dalam Rajah A1(c). Lukis dan labelkan komponen genap dan ganjil bagi isyarat tersebut.

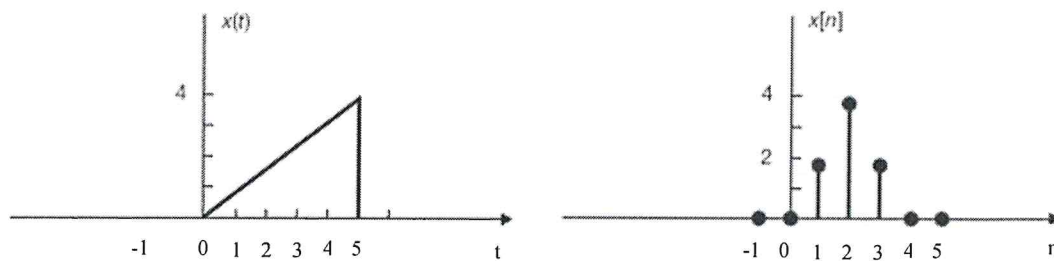


Figure A1(c) / Rajah A1(c)

[7 marks]

[7 markah]

CLO1
C1**QUESTION 2****SOALAN 2**

(a) State **ONE (1)** property of convolution integral and give an example.

*Nyatakan **SATU (1)** ciri pengamiran konvolusi dan berikan contoh.*

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

CLO1
C2

(b) Consider the input signal $x[n]$ and impulse response $h[n]$ of Discrete-Time LTI system shown in Figure A2(b) below. Determine the expression of input signal $x[n]$ and impulse response $h[n]$.

Pertimbangkan isyarat masukan $x[n]$ and sambutan dedenyut $h[n]$ bagi sistem LTI Diskret –Masa yang ditunjukkan pada Rajah A2(b) di bawah. Tentukan ungkapan isyarat masukan $x[n]$ dan sambutan dedenyut $h[n]$.

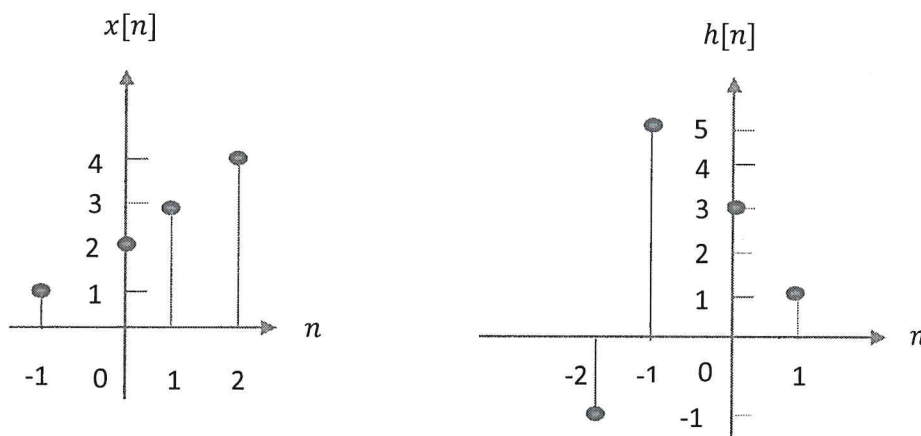


Figure A2(b) / Rajah A2(b)

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

CLO1
C3

(c) Consider the signal $x[n]$ and impulse response $h[n]$ shown in Figure A2(c).

Calculate output of $y[0]$, $y[1]$ and $y[2]$ using convolution sum with graphical method.

Pertimbangkan isyarat masukan $x[n]$ and sambutan dedenyut $h[n]$ yang ditunjukkan pada Rajah A2(c). Kirakan keluaran $y[0]$, $y[1]$ dan $y[2]$ menggunakan penambahan konvolusi dengan kaedah grafik.

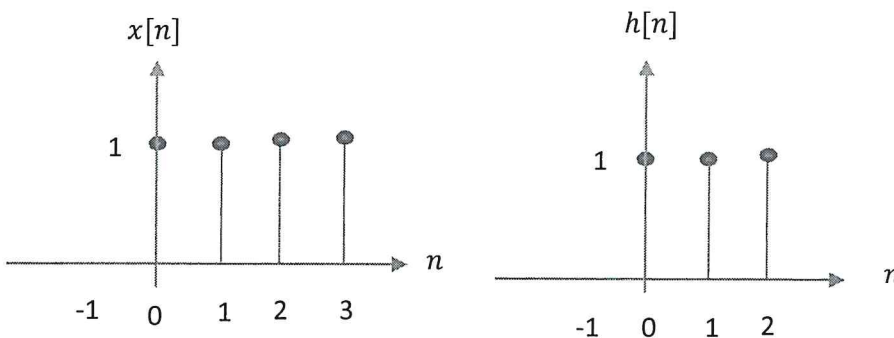


Figure A2(c) / Rajah A2(c)

[7 marks]

[7 markah]

QUESTION 3**SOALAN 3**CLO2
C1

(a) Define Region Of Convergence (ROC).

Definisikan "Region Of Convergence (ROC)".

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

CLO2
C2

(b) Determine the inverse Laplace transform using a partial fraction method.

Tentukan jelmaan Laplace songsang menggunakan kaedah pecahan separa.

$$Y(s) = \frac{10}{s(s^2 + 3s + 2)}$$

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

CLO2
C3

(c) Calculate the inverse z-transform using a partial fraction expansion.

Kirakan jelmaan-z songsang menggunakan kembangan pecahan separa.

$$F(z) = \frac{2z^2 + z}{z^2 - 1.5z + 0.5}$$

[7 marks]

[7 markah]

QUESTION 4

SOALAN 4

CLO3
C2

- (a) Express the following signal to the complex exponential Fourier series using Euler's Formula.

Ungkapkan isyarat berikut kepada kompleks eksponen siri Fourier dengan menggunakan formula Euler.

$$x(t) = \cos \omega_0 t$$

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

CLO3
C3

- (b) Interpret the complex exponential Fourier series for the following signal.

Tafsirkan kompleks eksponen siri Fourier bagi isyarat berikut.

$$x(t) = \cos 6t + \sin 4t, \text{ where } \omega_0 = 2$$

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

CLO3
C4

- (c) Referring to Figure A4(c), determine the complex exponential Fourier series of $x(t)$.

Merujuk kepada Rajah A4(c), tentukan kompleks eksponen siri Fourier bagi $x(t)$.

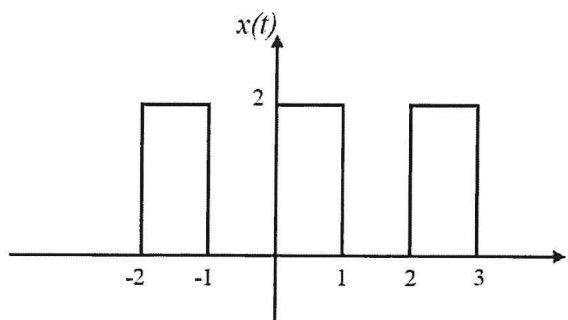


Figure A4(c) / Rajah A4(c)

[7 marks]

[7 markah]

SECTION B : 40 MARKS**BAHAGIAN B : 40 MARKAH****INSTRUCTION:**

This section consists of **TWO (2)** essay questions. Answer **ALL** questions.

ARAHAN:

Bahagian ini mengandungi DUA (2) soalan esei. Jawab SEMUA soalan.

QUESTION 1**SOALAN 1**

CLO2
C3

Calculate the $h(t)$ for causal LTI system and sketch the ROC for $H(z)$ on the poles-zeros diagram for the following equation.

$$y[n] - 3y[n - 1] + 2y[n - 2] = x[n]$$

Kirakan $h(t)$ bagi sistem causal LTI dan lukiskan ROC pada rajah kutub-sifar bagi $H(z)$ untuk persamaan berikut.

$$y[n] - 3y[n - 1] + 2y[n - 2] = x[n]$$

[20 marks]
[20 markah]

QUESTION 2**SOALAN 2**CLO3
C4

A causal discrete-time LTI system is given by:

$$y[n] - \frac{3}{4}y[n-1] + \frac{1}{8}y[n-2] = x[n]$$

Where $x[n]$ and $y[n]$ are the input and output of the system. Determine the frequency response $H(\Omega)$ and the impulse response $h[n]$ of the system.

Satu sistem causal LTI diskret – masa diberi oleh:

$$y[n] - \frac{3}{4}y[n-1] + \frac{1}{8}y[n-2] = x[n]$$

Di mana $x[n]$ dan $y[n]$ ialah masukan dan keluaran sistem. Tentukan frekuensi dedenyut $H(\Omega)$ dan sambutan dedenyut $h[n]$ bagi sistem tersebut.

[20 marks]
[20 markah]

SOALAN TAMAT

FORMULA FOR DEE6122 SIGNAL AND SYSTEM

LAPLACE TRANSFORM PAIRS

$f(t)$	$F(s)$
$\delta(t)$	1
$u(t)$	$\frac{1}{s}$
a	$\frac{a}{s}$
$t^n, n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$	$\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$
e^{at}	$\frac{1}{s - a}$
$\sin at$	$\frac{a}{s^2 + a^2}$
$\cos at$	$\frac{s}{s^2 + a^2}$
$\sin(at + \theta)$	$\frac{s \sin \theta + a \cos \theta}{s^2 + a^2}$
$\cos(at + \theta)$	$\frac{s \cos \theta - a \sin \theta}{s^2 + a^2}$
$e^{-at} \sin bt$	$\frac{b}{(s + a)^2 + b^2}$
$e^{-at} \cos bt$	$\frac{s + a}{(s + a)^2 + b^2}$
$t^n e^{-at}$	$\frac{n!}{(s + a)^{n+1}}$
$\sinh at$	$\frac{a}{s^2 - a^2}$
$\cosh at$	$\frac{s}{s^2 - a^2}$

FORMULA FOR DEE6122 SIGNAL AND SYSTEM

Z TRANSFORM PAIRS

$x(t)$	$X(s)$	$X(z)$
$\delta(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & t=0 \\ 0 & t=kT, k \neq 0 \end{cases}$	1	1
$\delta(t-kT) = \begin{cases} 1 & t=kT \\ 0 & t \neq kT \end{cases}$	e^{-kTs}	Z^{-k}
$u(t)$, unit step	$\frac{1}{s}$	$\frac{z}{z-1}$
t	$\frac{1}{s^2}$	$\frac{Tz}{(z-1)^2}$
t^2	$\frac{2}{s^3}$	$\frac{T^2 z(z+1)}{(z-1)^3}$
e^{-at}	$\frac{1}{s+a}$	$\frac{z}{z-e^{-aT}}$
$1-e^{-at}$	$\frac{a}{s(s+a)}$	$\frac{(1-e^{-aT})z}{(z-1)(z-e^{-aT})}$
te^{-at}	$\frac{1}{(s+a)^2}$	$\frac{Tze^{-aT}}{(z-e^{-aT})^2}$
t^2e^{-at}	$\frac{2}{(s+a)^3}$	$\frac{T^2 e^{-aT} z(z+e^{-aT})}{(z-e^{-aT})^3}$
$\sin \omega t$	$\frac{\omega}{s^2 + \omega^2}$	$\frac{z \sin \omega T}{z^2 - 2z \cos \omega T + 1}$
$\cos \omega t$	$\frac{s}{s^2 + \omega^2}$	$\frac{z(z - \cos \omega T)}{z^2 - 2z \cos \omega T + 1}$
$e^{-at} \sin \omega t$	$\frac{\omega}{(s+a)^2 + \omega^2}$	$\frac{(ze^{-aT} \sin \omega T)}{z^2 - 2ze^{-aT} \cos \omega T + e^{-2aT}}$
$e^{-at} \cos \omega t$	$\frac{s+a}{(s+a)^2 + \omega^2}$	$\frac{(z^2 - ze^{-aT} \cos \omega T)}{z^2 - 2ze^{-aT} \cos \omega T + e^{-2aT}}$

FORMULA FOR DEE6122 SIGNAL AND SYSTEM

FOURIER TRANSFORM PAIRS

$f(t)$	$F(\omega)$
$\delta(t)$	1
1	$2\pi\delta(\omega)$
$u(t)$	$\pi\delta(\omega) + \frac{1}{j\omega}$
$u(t+\tau) - u(t-\tau)$	$2 \frac{\sin \omega\tau}{\omega}$
$ t $	$-\frac{2}{\omega^2}$
$\text{sgn}(t)$	$\frac{2}{j\omega}$
$e^{-at}u(t)$	$\frac{1}{a + j\omega}$
$e^{-at}u(-t)$	$\frac{1}{a - j\omega}$
$t^n e^{-at}u(t)$	$\frac{n!}{(a + j\omega)^{n+1}}$
$e^{-a t }$	$\frac{2a}{a^2 + \omega^2}$
$e^{j\omega_0 t}$	$2\pi\delta(\omega - \omega_0)$
$\sin \omega_0 t$	$j\pi[\delta(\omega + \omega_0) - \delta(\omega - \omega_0)]$
$\cos \omega_0 t$	$\pi[\delta(\omega + \omega_0) + \delta(\omega - \omega_0)]$
$\sin(\omega t + \theta)$	$\frac{s \sin \theta + \omega \cos \theta}{s^2 + \omega^2}$
$\cos(\omega t + \theta)$	$\frac{s \cos \theta - \omega \sin \theta}{s^2 + \omega^2}$
$e^{-at} \sin \omega_0 t u(t)$	$\frac{\omega_0}{(a + j\omega)^2 + \omega_0^2}$
$e^{-at} \cos \omega_0 t u(t)$	$\frac{a + j\omega}{(a + j\omega)^2 + \omega_0^2}$